

Banks Lane Infant and Nursery School Sentence Writing Progression Model

Reception	Autumn 1 Text: The Colour Monster, Jack and t Flum Flum Tree Autumn 2 Text: Naughty Bus, The Paper Dolls Stickman		Text: Max, Ju Spri	ng 1 Iniper, Jupiter ng 2 atch a Rainbow	Summer 1 Text: The Night Pirates Summer 2 Text: Whatever Next! The Way Back Home			
• New Learning	 Sentences have a naming part. It tells us what the sentence is about. Spot the naming part in spoken sentences. Writing naming parts using known sounds. Include a/ the at the beginning. 		 Include a/ the at the Sentences have a nar or being part. It tells us what is hap something is. Identify the action posentences. 	opening or what art/ being part in spoken a naming part and an	 Sentences can have a when/ where part. It tells us when or where something happened. Spot the when/ where part in spoken sentences. Write sentences with a naming part, an action part and a when/ where part. 			
 Supporting Graphic 	Sentence		I Sent	ence	Sentence			
	Naming part Action / being part		Naming part	Action / being part	Naming part	Action / being part	When / where part	
			Sentence Naming part Action / being part					



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Yea	ar 1	Autumn 1 Text: Katie & the Dinosaurs, Gig Autumn 2 Text: The Gruffalo, The	,		Spring 1 Text: A selection of fairy tales Spring 2 Text: Teeny Weeny Queenie	Summer 1 Text: On the Way Home, The House That Once Was Summer 2 Text: The Bog Baby			
• New Lear	v rning	 Sentences can have a when/y It tells us when or where som happened. Spot the when/ where part in sentences. Write sentences with a namin action part and a when/ whe We can join two complete ide using and. This is for when two ideas are Write multi clause sentences 	ething spoken ag part, an re part. eas together e related.	fro • W th th • Ar se • W	second sentence can continue the idea om the first sentence. Trite two clearly punctuated sentences at continues and idea from the first to e next. In idea can be developed over a series of intences. Trite three clearly punctuated sentences at tell a story or develop an idea.	 An idea can be developed over a series of sentences. Write three clearly punctuated sentences that tell a story or develop an idea. 			
	Supporting Graphic	Sentence Naming part Action / being part	When / where part	Series of linked sentences	Sentence Sentence		eries of linked	Sentence Sentence	
							ntences	Sentence	
		Sentence		Series of linked sentences	Sentence	_			
		Naming part + action / being part and Naming par	rt + action / being part		linked Sentence				
				Sentence					



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	Year 2		Te	xt: On th Auti	u mn 1 e Way Home u mn 2 iver Twist	-	Spring 1 Text: The Willow Pattern Spring 2 Text: The Tiger Who Came to Tea, There's a Rang-Tan in my Bedroom					Summer 1 Text: The Tiger Who Came to Tea, There's a Rang-Tan in my Bedroom Summer 2 Text: The King of Tiny Things			
•	New Learning	 We can join two complete ideas together using and, but, or, so. And adds to the first idea. But introduces something different. Or shows there is a choice. So shows that the first thing made the second thing happen. Write multi clause sentences using and, but, or, so. We can use an adjective to be more specific about the noun. This is called an expanded noun phrase. Write sentences with an expanded noun phrase and an action/ being part. We can join two complete ideas together using because. Because shows that the first thing made the second thing happen. Write multi clause sentences using because. 				 The action/ being part shows whether something has already happened (past tense) or is happening now (present tense). It's called a verb phrase. Write sentences with past and present verb tenses. Sentences can have a third part that says more about the action. It is called an adverbial phrase. Adverbial phrases can show when, where and how something happened. They can also show how often, for how long and with whom something happened. Write sentences with adverbial phrases. 					 Sentences can have a third part that can say more about the action. It is called an adverbial phrase. Adverbial phrases can show when, where and how something happened. They can also show how often, for how long and with whom something happened. Write sentences with adverbial phrases. 				
•	Supporting Sentence Graphic					Sentence				Sentence					
	·	Naming part + action / being part Sentence Expanded noun phrase Action / being part Action / being part					(Expanded) noun phrase Verb phrase Sentence				(Expanded) noun phrase	Verb phrase	Adverbial phrase		
							(Expanded) noun phrase Verb phrase Adverbial phrase								
		A / An / The	n / The Adjective Noun												



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- Please see 'Writing Progression Model' for full writing planning for each year group.
- 'Transcription, Composition, Handwriting, Vocabulary and Grammar' are not included in this document but can be found in the abovementioned document.
- This document shows conceptual progression for teacher subject knowledge, modelling, explanations and pitching sentence work at an appropriate level.
- It is well worth putting a focus on sentence writing as when children are confident with it, successful writing can happen.
- "The sentence is a threshold concept in English; core knowledge that transforms how children think about reading and writing." Nick Hart, 2023